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Venice, February 11. *N. S.*

GEneral Delphino is commanded into the Veronois, to prevent any Diſorders that may ariſe by the Arrival of the German Troops, who are forc'd thither by reaſon of the overflowing of the Po, which drown'd their Quarters in the Parmaſan, and the adjacent Countries. We have Advice from the General of the Republick who commands in the Morea, That the Turks are laying up vaſt Stores near the Negropont, and in the Territories of Romelia. Our Letters from other Places report, That they are no leſs diligent in their Warlike Preparations on the Frontiers of Dalmatia. This Intelligence has alarm'd the Republick, who think it neceſſary for their Safety to ſend their Regular and Veteran Troops from the Terra-Firma into thoſe Parts, and leave the Guard of their Towns to the Militia. It is ſaid, The Republick has a deſign to raiſe 10000 Men more on this Occaſion, and to demand the Aſſiſtance of the Swiſs Cantons, who are in its Alliance. We hear from Bergamo, That 3 Pruſſian Regiments had receiv'd Orders to embark on the LakeMaggoire, and to march through Chiavenna, Coire and Zurich, in order to paſs into the Principality of Neufchatel. They write from Genoa, That Porto-Hercole is taken by the Imperialiſts, and that they had proceeded to beſiege Porto-Longone. Theſe Letters add, That a Captain of a Ship, who touch'd at Calvi in the Iſland of Corſica, had brought Advice, That on the 15th of the laſt Month the Confederate Fleet had put into that Port; and that ſome Ships, which were diſpers'd by ſtreſs of Weather, had arriv'd at the Iſland of Arſinara near Sardinia, to which Place the Fleet was to ſail, in order to join them, and continue their Voyage to Barcelona. We hear by the ſame way, That the Moors, after a Siege of ſix Months, had taken Oran; and that the Governor had retir'd to Marſalquinir, a Place of great Strength, not far from it.

Berne, Feb. 15. The Catholick Cantons have refuſed to agree to the Alterations which thoſe of Berne deſired might be made in the Repreſentation to the French Ambaſſador concerning the Neutrality of Neufchatel: But all the Proteſtants zealouſly inſiſted upon the Amendments propoſed by our Deputies; nor is it doubted but that they will continue united in their common Endeavour for its Security. In the mean time the Diet of Baden is broke up, without coming to any Reſolution upon this Subject, having only fix'd upon the 11th of March for another Seſſion on the ſame Affair. The Britiſh Envoy has given ſuch Aſſurances of Her Majeſty's Aſſiſtance in caſe that Principality ſhould be invaded, that it is believed the French Miniſter will incline the Roman Catholicks before their next Meeting to fall in with the Propoſals made by this Canton in order to ſhut up that Paſſage into his Maſter's Dominions before the Beginning of the next Campagne.

Berlin, Febr. 18. His Majeſty came the other Day in his new Yacht, which was built in Holland, from Spandaw to Charlottenburg, from whence he arrived yeſterday in this Place. As ſoon as the Fair of Brunſwick is ended, the Prince Hereditary of Heſſe-Caſſel is expected here; and, 'tis ſaid, that a double Alliance is agreed upon between that Houſe and the Family of Naſſau-Frize. The Prince Hereditary of Heſſe-Caſſel is to marry the young Princeſs of Naſſau-Frize, and the Prince of Frize a Daughter of the Landgrave of Heſſe-Caſſel. The Major-Generals who are to ſerve under the Command of Lieutenant-General Arnheim in Italy, are not yet nominated. Major-General Stille and Major-General Hanke, both deſire to return hither for Recovery of their Health. Within few Days it will be declared who are to have the Honour of thoſe Stations, and whether three Battalions will be commanded from that Service, and reliev'd by freſh intire Bodies, or the Court will think fit only to ſend Recruits to the reſpective Regiments already there. Cajetano, the Philoſophick Impoſtor, who pretended to have what is call'd the great Secret among the Cheats in the Art of Chymiſtry, was carried Priſoner through this Town to Cuſtrain, where it is expected that he ſhall diſcover the Manner of Conveyance by which he perform'd a ſeeming Tranſmutation of Metals. Letters from Warſaw ſay, That his Swediſh Majeſty march'd by Praſnitz with a Detachment conſiſting of only 12 Regiments; and that the reſt of the Troops had Orders to follow in ſeveral Bodies. They add, That this March is made with ſo great Expedition, that the Artillery cannot come up with the other part of the Army in leſs than 15 Days. General Réen was ſtill in the Palatinate of Breſcia, and ſeem'd inclined to continue there yet longer. The King and his Electoral Highneſs of Hanover are at preſent in a Treaty for the mutual Advancement of Commerce between their Dominions; in which Negotiation it is to be particularly provided, That his Pruſſian Majeſty ſhall not prohibit the Exportation of Corn into the Hartz when the Price of it ſhall at any time riſe; nor his Electoral Highneſs on any ſuch Occaſion forbid the Sale of Iron and Wood, from the Hartz to the Countries ſubject to the King of Pruſſia. They write from Grand Poland, That the Palatine of Kiow had put 200 Dragoons, and a conſiderable Body of Recruits, into the Gariſon of Kaliſch; but that a Colonel of the Troops commanded by Prince Rubinsky had ſurpris'd the Town in the Night, and made the whole Gariſon Priſoners of War. They add, That the Palatine having Notice of theſe Tranſactions, march'd with all his Forces, and appear'd before the Place. The Colonel pretended to have no Thoughts of reſiſting ſo great a Force, but to enter immediately upon Terms of Surrender; but while